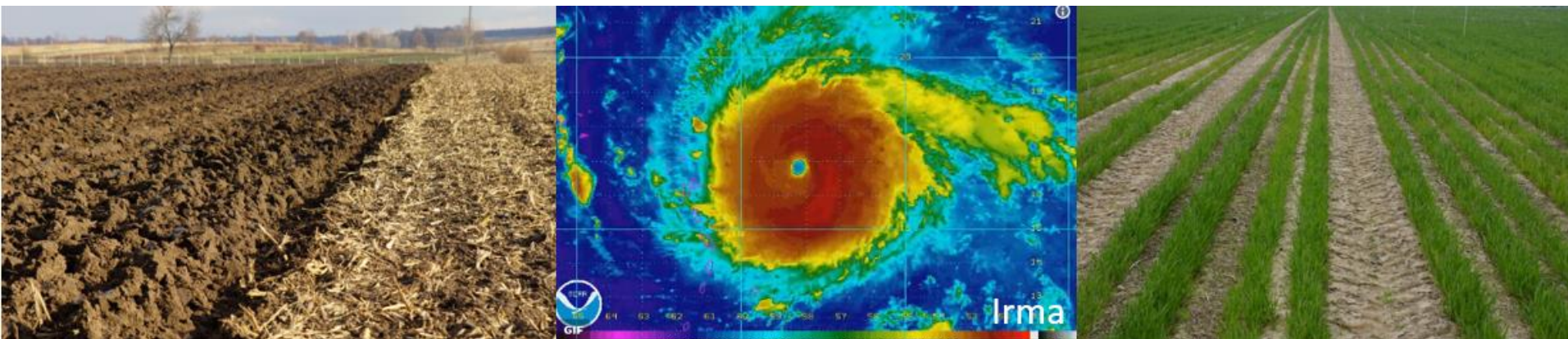




Promoting more resource efficient agricultural practices through climate smart farming - the LCAgri BioStrateg project outlook

Jerzy Kozyra, Wiesław Oleszek, Mariusz Matyka, Robert Borek

Institute of Soil Science and Plant Cultivation – State Research Institute (IUNG), POLAND

Warszawa, 14.11.2018

SCAR National Meeting in Poland

Examples of research projects in the area of bioeconomy in Poland

This presentation was prepared in the frame of LCAgri project BIOSTRATEG1/271322/3/NCBR/201

LCAgri (2016-2019)

Support for low carbon agriculture - able to adapt to observed climate change in the perspective of 2030 and 2050 (LCAgri)

The main objective of the LCAgri project is to improve resources use efficiency by implementing innovative low carbon farming practices and promotion of sustainable use of mineral fertilizers by farms in Poland

Key words: CARBON FOOTPRINT, MITIGATION AND ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE, MODELLING, GHG EMISSION, LOW CARBON FARMING



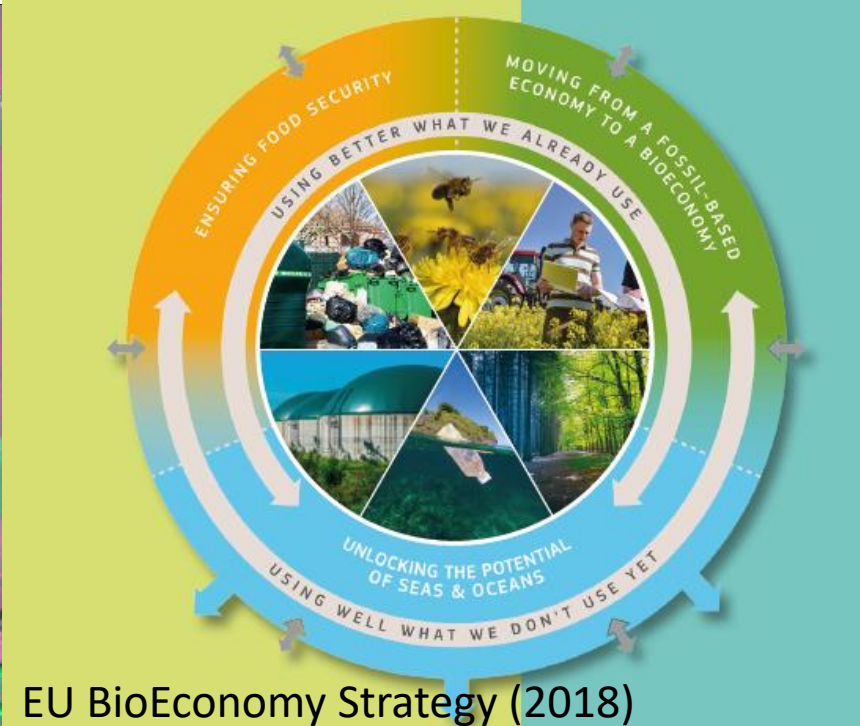
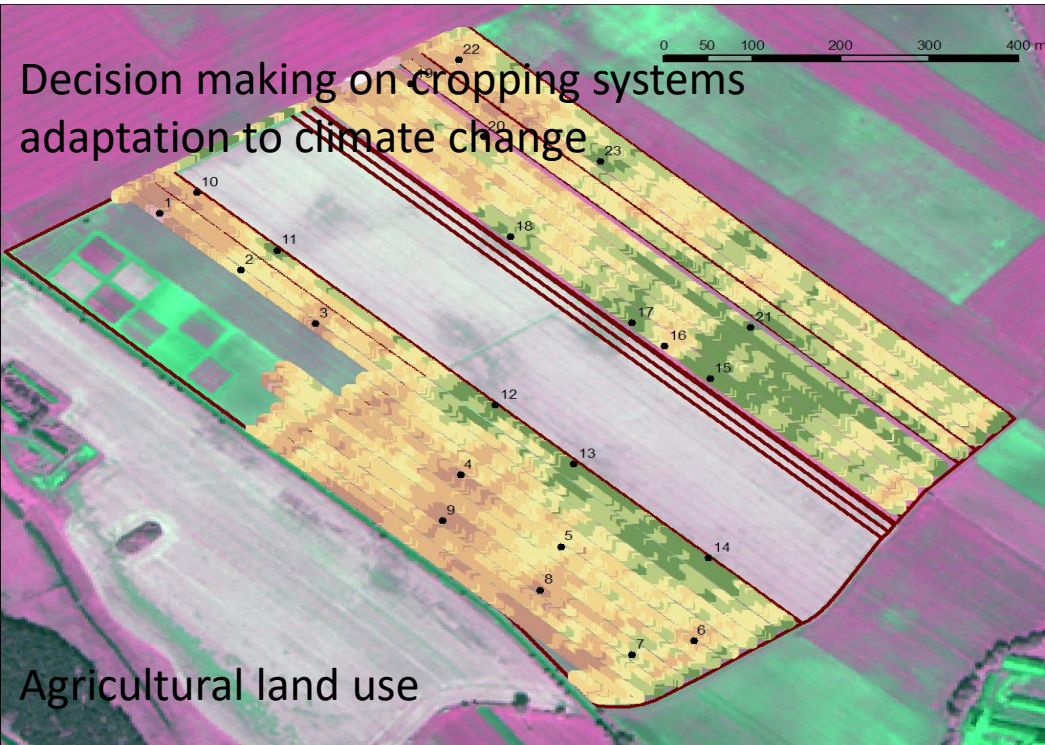
LCAgri – supports policy towards climate change adaptation in Poland

Strategic Plan for Adaptation to climate change in Poland proposed for agriculture (SPA 2013)

- Setting up local systems for monitoring and warning about approaching hazards in agriculture
- Organizational and technical changes in agriculture to avoid excessive losses by adjusting agricultural activities to the observed climate change

<http://www.susza.iung.pulawy.pl/en/>





Use well what we don't use yet

Use better what we already use

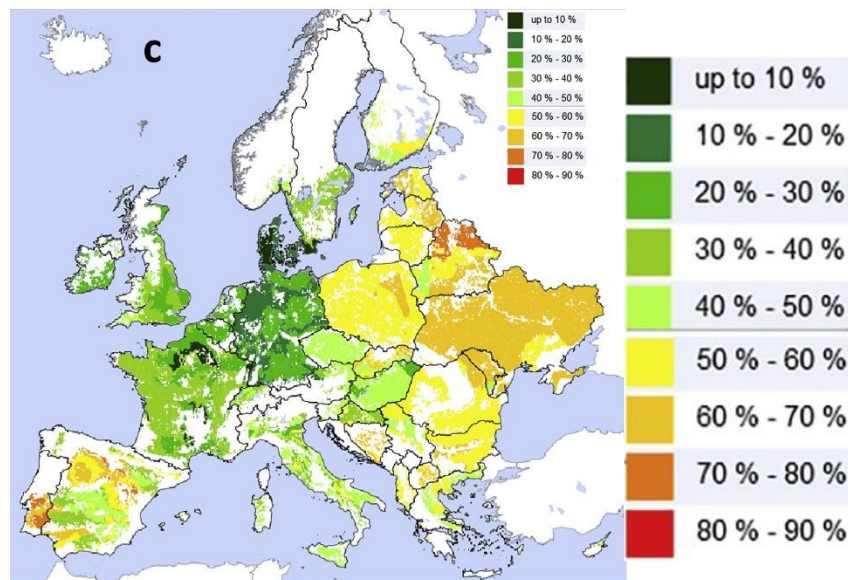
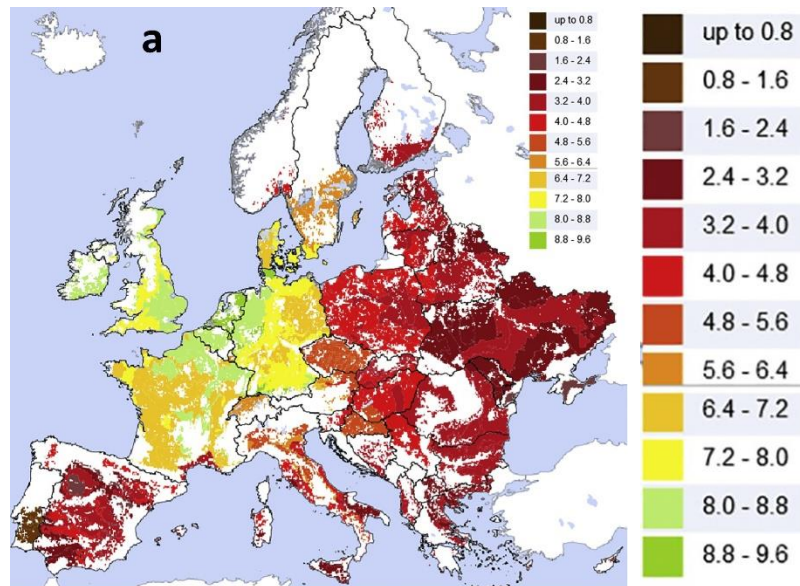
LCAgri – supports policy measures towards bioeconomy development

Cereal yield gaps across Europe

René Schils^{a,*}, Jørgen E. Olesen^b, Kurt-Christian Kersebaum^c, Bert Rijk^d, Michael Oberforster^d, Valery Kalyada^e, Maksim Khitrykau^e, Anne Gobin^f, Hristofor Kirchev^g, Vanya Manolova^g, Ivan Manolov^g, Mirek Trnka^{h,i}, Petr Hlavinka^j, Taru Palosuo^j, Pirjo Peltonen-Sainio^j, Lauri Jauhiainen^j, Josiane Lorgeou^k, Hélène Marrou^k, Nikos Danalatos^m, Sotirios Archontoulisⁿ, Nándor Fodor^o, John Spink^p, Pier Paolo Roggero^q, Simona Bassu^q, Antonio Pulina^q, Till Seehusen^r, Anne Kjersti Uhlen^r, Katarzyna Zylowska^s, Anna Nieróbca^s, Jerzy Kozyra^s, João Vasco Silva^t, Benvindo Martins Maças^t, José Coutinho^u, Viorel Ion^u, Jozef Takáč^v, M. Inés Mínguez^w, Henrik Eckersten^x, Lilia Levy^y, Juan Manuel Herrera^y, Jürg Hiltbrunner^y, Oleksii Kryvobok^z, Oleksandr Kryvoshein^z, Roger Sylvester-Bradley^z, Daniel Kindred^z, Cairistiona F.E. Topp^z, Hendrik Boogaard^z, Hugo de Groot^z, Jan Peter Lesschen^z, Lenny van Bussel^z, Joost Wolf^z, Mink Zijlstra^z, Marloes P. van Loon^z, Martin K. van Ittersum^z



Sustainable intensification is the only way to reduce yield gap in Poland = proper soil and mineral fertilizers management



Average crop yields (t ha⁻¹) and yield gaps of rainfed wheat in Europe

Low carbon agricultural practices were tested in eight IUNG-PIB Experimental Farms (2016-2018)

WP5

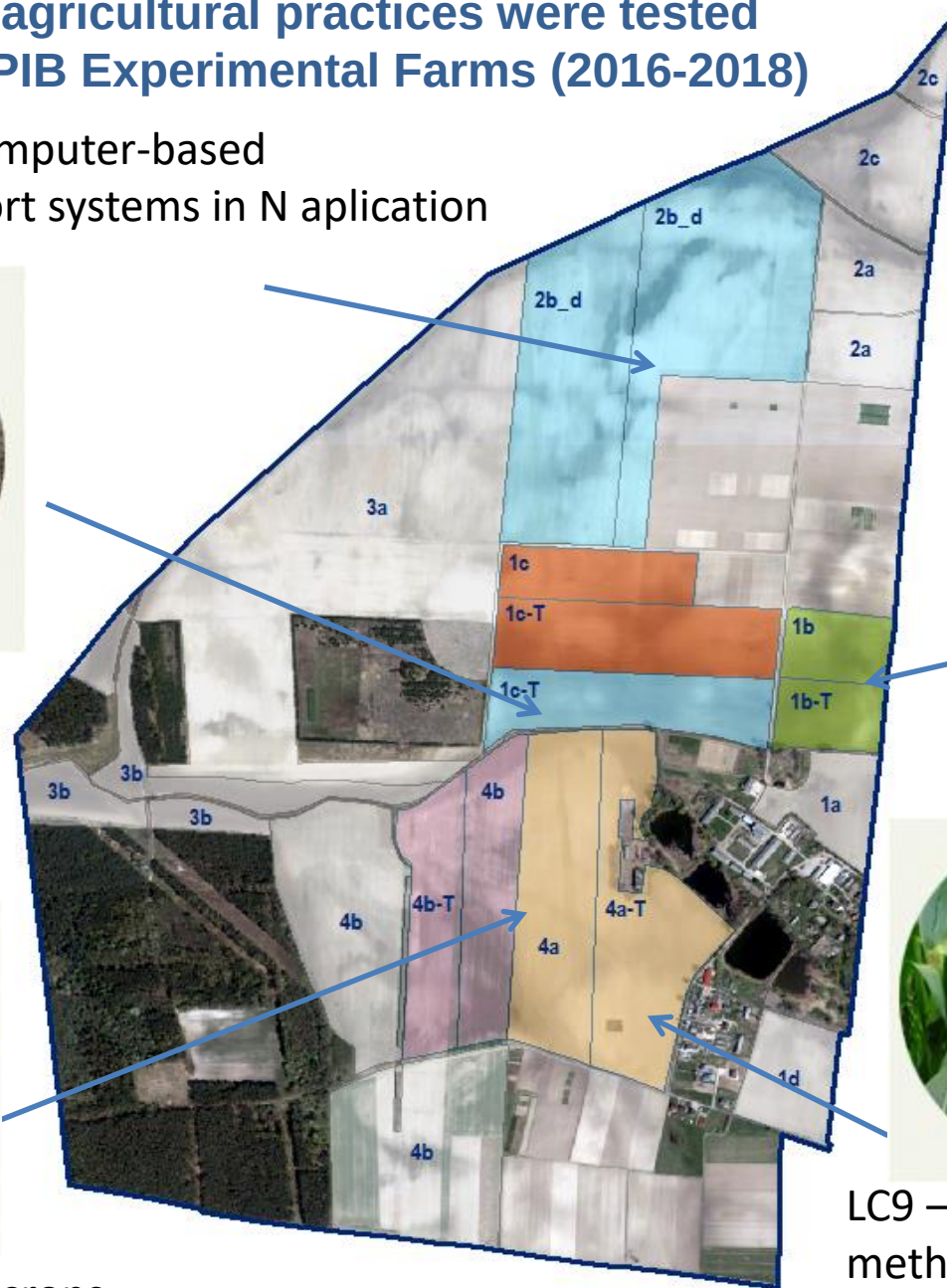
LC2 – use of computer-based decision support systems in N application



LC8 – Conservation agriculture (strip-till, reduced-till, cover crops)



LC6 – leguminous crops



LC1 – 4R Nutrient Stewardship



LC9 – precision farming methods

(<http://www.lcagri.iung.pl/en/>)

Carbon footprint - production of N fertilizers evaluation for climate smart technology

WP1

Carbon Footprint labels for Grupa Azoty fertilizers products
were prepared including advice for farmers for the proper use of those products

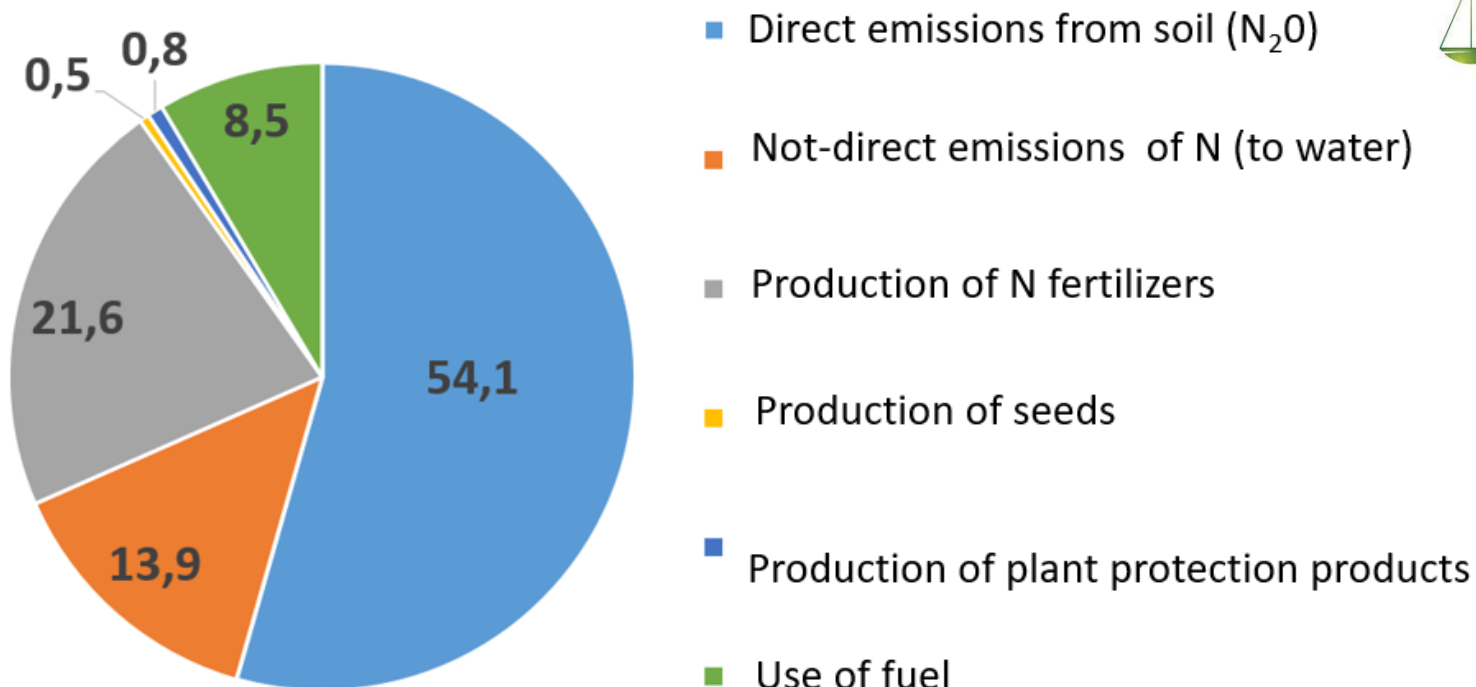
energy

Natural gas



Ammonia





Sources of GHG emissions from maize cultivation in Poland (evaluation for 30 farms in Poland) (an example)

Source: Żyłowski T., Król A., Kozyra J., Ocena możliwości ograniczenia śladu węglowego w uprawie kukurydzy na ziarno, 2018, SERIA T.XX (4)

LCAgri – new measurement systems

WP3

11 young scientist trained , 2 utility patterns for GHG measurement





Forthcoming Article

Evaluation of sustainability of maize cultivation in Poland. A Prospect Theory – PROMETHEE approach

Aleksandra Król , Jerzy Księżak , Elżbieta Kubińska and Stelios Rozakis

Ranking of agricultural practices in maize cultivation in Poland using multi-criteria evaluation by means of Prospect theory –PROMETHEE method

Criteria considered are: (1) expected gross margin (2) standard deviation of gross margin, (3) fuel consumption (4) labour use in hours, (5) soil moisture and (6) organic matter in soil.

Decision maker			
Option	Small farm	Big farm	According to agricultural experts
Direct sowing	3	1	2
Reduced tillage	2	2	3
Traditional ploughing	1	3	1



WP5

Field discussion between scientist and farm manager
where to locate experimental fields



Reduced tillage



Conservation agriculture
Strip-till



Osiny Experimental Farm - Learning by experience **WP5**

Winter wheat after rape cultivation- Conservation agriculture (strip-till)



Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca

24-11-2016

Rape- Conservation agriculture (strip-till)



24-11-2016

Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca



31-03-2017

Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca



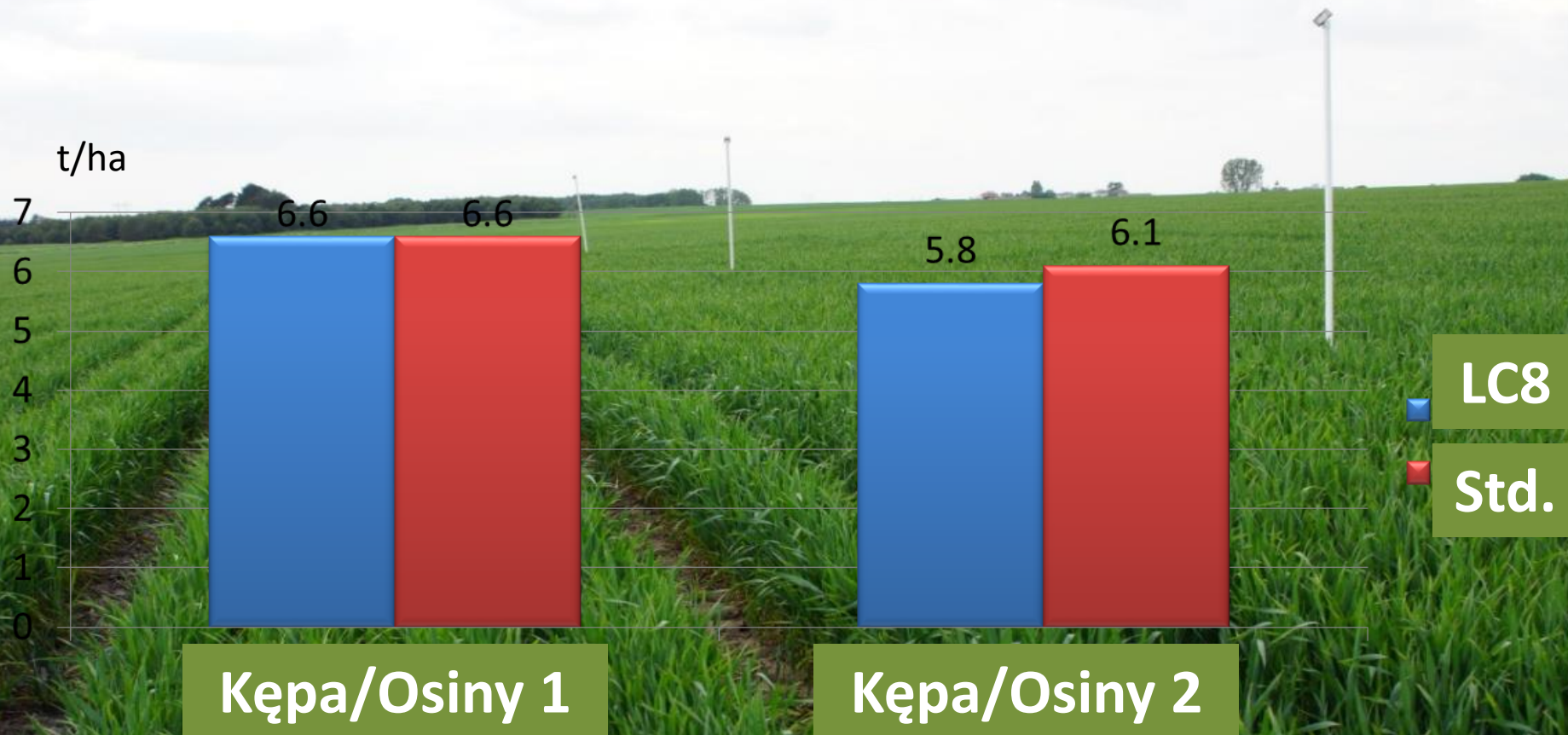
21-04-2017

Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca

Osiny Experimental Farm – YIELD LEVEL

WP5

Winter wheat after rape cultivation- Conservation agriculture (strip-till – LC8, reduced till – Std.)



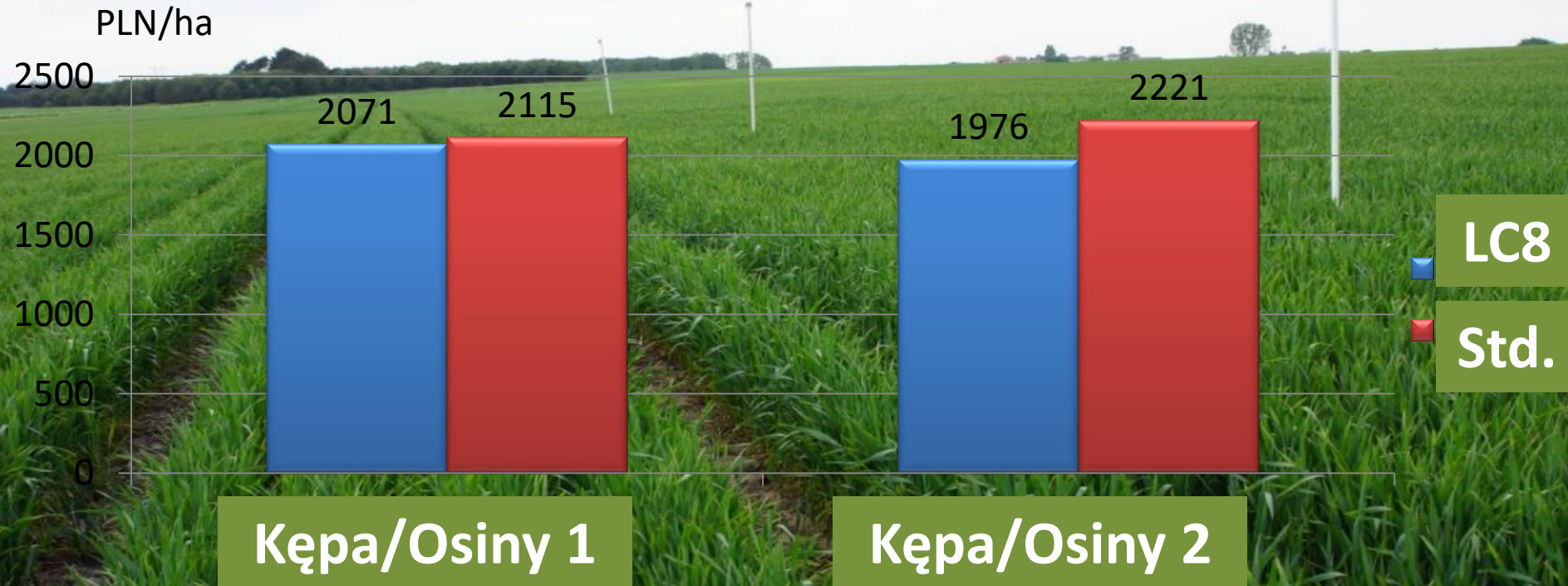
Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca

25-06-2017

Osiny Experimental Farm – PRODUCTION COST (2017)

Winter wheat after rape cultivation- Conservation agriculture (strip-till – LC8, reduced till – Std.)

WP5

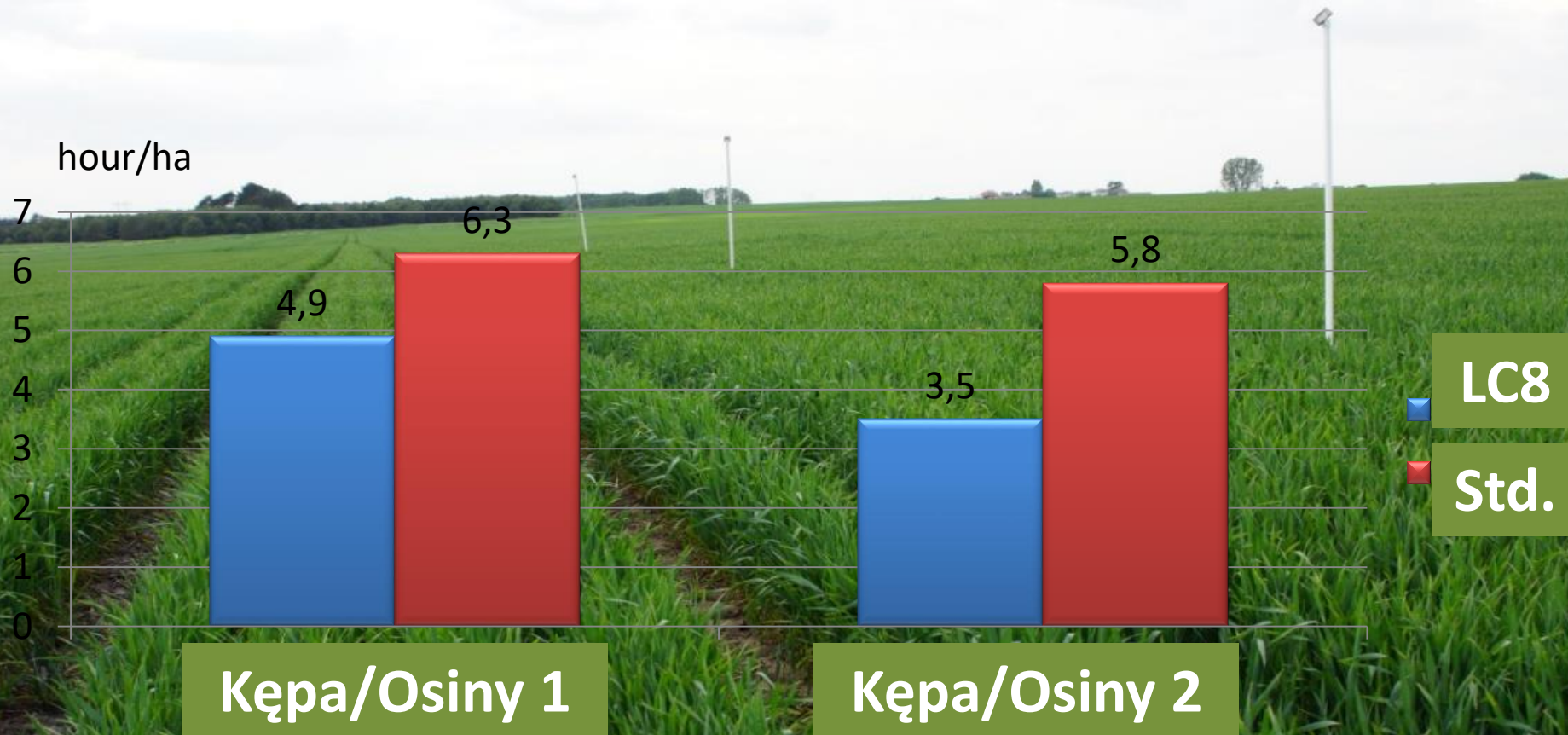


Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca

25-06-2017

Osiny Experimental Farm – MACHINE WORK HOURS (2017)

Winter wheat after rape cultivation- Conservation agriculture (strip-till – LC8, reduced till – Std.)



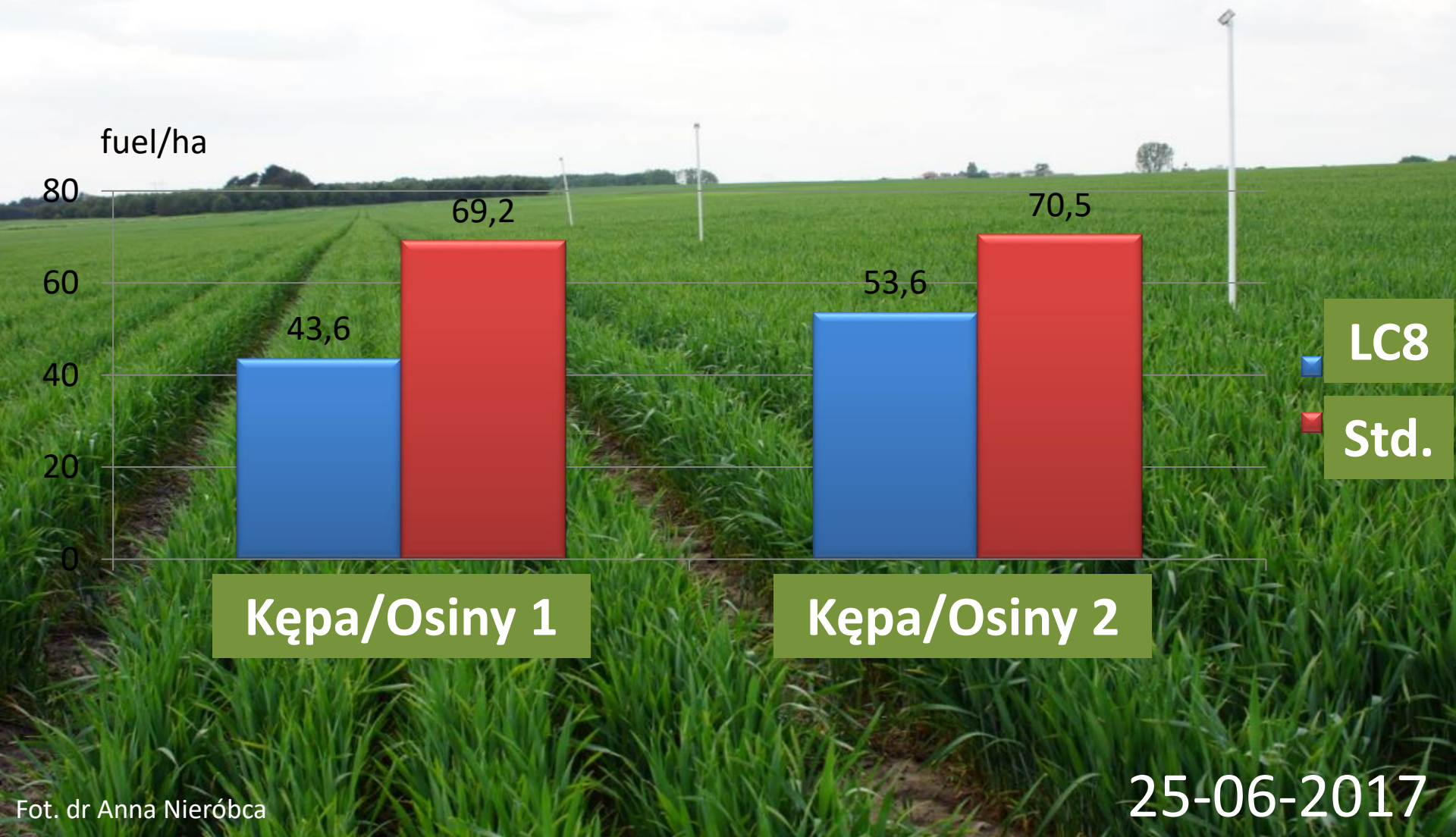
Fot. dr Anna Nieróbca

25-06-2017

Osiny Experimental Farm – USE of FUEL (2017)

WP5

Winter wheat after rape cultivation- Conservation agriculture (strip-till – LC8, reduced till – Std.)





1166 participants in field LCAgri days and workshops